

# LIQUID LEVEL GAUGE

## INSTALLATION, OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL

## FOR SERIES: T14

410



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## **PRODUCT QUICK SPECS.**

	Glass O.D.	Length from Centers		Primary Material	Shut-Off Type	Pressure/Temp.		Maximum Steam Rating
		Glass	Rods	Material		@ 100°F	@406°F	Steam Rating
1/2"	5/8"	-0.75"	-1"	Bronze	Handwheel	250 PSI	250 PSI	250 PSIG
3/4"	5/8"	-0.75"	-1"	Bronze	Handwheel	250 PSI	250 PSI	250 PSIG
	Limited to Glass & Gasket Rat					ket Ratings		

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## I. INTRODUCTION

This manual is a guide for the responsible personnel installing, operating and maintaining these items. It is imperative that instructions are read and understood thoroughly before attempting any installation, operation and maintenance.

#### **Features and Specifications**

John C. Ernst valve sets are supplied in pairs, which consist of an upper and lower valve, that secure each end of a vertically placed tubular gauge glass. The complete assembly of valves and gauge glass creates a gauge that visually indicates accurate liquid level and characteristics. Unless requested otherwise, all valve sets include the following features:

- ASME Section 1 Boiler Code Ball Checks; where the automatic ball check in the lower valve body moves vertically, preventing it from sticking.
- > A 1/2" FNPT ball valve drain for boiler blowouts.
- > Floating Tail Pipes for Misalignment Tolerance.

These valves are suitable for steam-water applications in the following configurations:

- Automatic ASME Standard Configuration (temporarily retains media if glass breaks) - This consists of a vertical rising ball check with a ball inspection port in the lower valve. The upper valve is equipped with a horizontal ball check and a leaky seat formed in the body.
- Non-Automatic Non-Standard Configuration (will not retain media if glass breaks) - Ball checks are removed from both valves. Typically removed for steam applications.

#### 

Failure to follow instructions could result in a malfunction or breakage of the indicator, resulting in fluid escaping from the unit and fragmenting glass.

Always wear safety glasses when installing, servicing or operating sight glass.

Failure to follow precautions can result in personal injury and property damage.

#### Design Ratings at Maximum and Minimum Operating Temperatures

#### **WARNING**

Under most circumstances, these valves are not recommended without the ball check shut-off. Valves without the ball check shut-off feature will not stop leakage of contained fluid in the event of accidental tubular glass breakage.

To determine maximum allowable working pressures at specific temperatures, the user should refer to the chart at the bottom under the table of contents, the valve set drawing, and the specific design limits on the John C. Ernst LLC. product proposal. All ratings are limited to the Glass & Gasket pressure & temperature limitations.

#### **WARNING**

Under no circumstances should the ratings be exceeded. Exceeding ratings or application data may cause property damage or physical injury to personnel.

## **II. INSPECTION & PERFORMANCE CONFIRMATION**

#### **Receiving Inspection**

Upon receipt of gauge valve set, the user(s) must confirm that:

- No damage occurred to any components. If damage is evident or suspected, do not attempt installation.
- The valve model number in FIGURE 1 matches the Packing list.
- The glass tubes (if included) are free of scratches, cracks, or other imperfections.
- The threaded connections are clean and free of any foreign material.
- The materials of construction are chemically compatible with both the media(s) and surrounding environment.

#### **WARNING**

If the Model Number, size, and/or performance data of the gauge valve set as received does not conform with the criteria above, do not proceed with installation. Contact a John C. Ernst Sales Representative.



Figure 1



#### NOTICE

Signs of corrosion could indicate a misapplication. An investigation should immediately be carried out as to the cause of the problem. It is the user's responsibility to choose materials of construction compatible with both the contained fluid and surrounding atmosphere.

## **III. INSTALLATION**

#### SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Personal Protection Equipment for eyes and hands should be worn when installing and/or operating a gauge valve.

Installation should only be performed by qualified and experienced personnel who are familiar with this equipment, have read and understood all instructions in this manual.

The user should refer to the John C. Ernst LLC. product proposal or drawing to obtain dimensional information for the specific size and model of the valve set.

#### Mounting

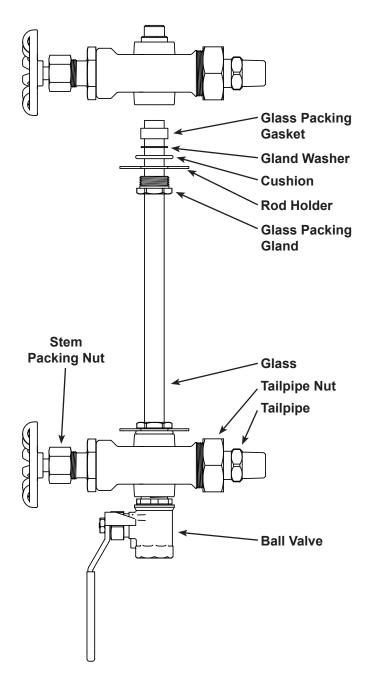
- 1. Close each valve by turning the handwheel clockwise until it stops.
- 2. Close ball valve drain by turning it clockwise until it stops.
- 3. Clean any debris or old media from vessel connection threads.
- 4. Remove tailpipes and tailpipe nuts from the valve set.
- 5. With the tailpipe nuts still loosely on the tailpipes, thread tailpipes into vessel connection.
- 6. Wrench tailpipes until pressure-tight with a box wrench.
- 7. Thread, tighten and align valve bodies to their tailpipes. Ensure the valve body with the ball valve is mounted onto the lower vessel connection, and the glass packing glands are facing each other.
- 8. Tighten Tailpipe Nuts pressure-tight.

#### Sight Glass Installation

- 1. Loosen and remove the upper valve's glass packing gland, rod holder, cushion, gland washer and glass packing gasket.
- 2. Slide components on to the glass in order: gland, rod holder, cushion, washer, and finally the gasket. Leave about a half inch of the glass end exposed.
- 3. While holding all components in place, insert the sight glass into the upper valve, and then directly over the lower valve glass packing gland.
- 4. Thread packing gland into the upper, but do not tighten.
- 5. Loosen the lower valve's glass packing gland, then slide the glass down into the lower valve body until it stops by hitting the glass rest.
- 6. Lift the sight glass about a 1/16" off the bottom rest so the sight glass is suspended between the valves, then hand-tighten each packing gland into place, starting with the upper valve. The sight glass cannot come in contact with the bottom metal rest! For red line sight glass, rotate the red and white stripe so it's on the back-end of the glass viewing.
- Packing glands must be hand-tight with an additional 1/2 turn with a wrench. DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN, as it can permanently deform gaskets and/or break the sight glass. Tighten only enough to prevent leakage in

1/4 turn increments, while retesting after each increment.

- With the glass installed. Slide the guard rods into an upper rod holder hole then down through the corresponding lower rod holder. Then rotate the rod holders 90° and repeat until all guard rods have been installed.
- 9. Ensure both stem packing nuts are pressure-tight.



## **IV. OPERATION**

#### 

Valve sets should be brought into service slowly. The tubular glass used in gauge valves is annealed. To avoid excessive thermal shock or mechanical stress on the tubular glass, the connecting valves should be opened slightly, and the tubular glass temperature and pressure allowed to slowly equalize with the vessel.

#### **Pre-Operational Check**

- 1. Assure that all installation procedures have been completed.
- 2. Check that all connections are pressure tight.

#### **Hydrostatic Test**

- 1. Take all precautions necessary to handle the possibility of leakage during the test.
- 2. Pressure test assembly to rated pressure.
- 3. Repair any leakage before proceeding.

#### Operating

If the valves are furnished with ball checks, the valves must be opened all the way after the pressure and temperature have equalized, so the automatic ball checks can seat properly should the glass ever break.

## **V. MAINTENANCE**

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Personal Protection Equipment for eyes and hands should be worn when installing and/or operating a gauge valve.

Maintenance should only be performed by qualified and experienced personnel who are 1) familiar with this equipment and 2) have read and understood all instructions in this manual.

During system shut down, the gauge valves should be left open to relieve pressure and cool with the rest of the system. Failure to do so will trap high-pressure fluid in the gauge.

#### **Preventative Maintenance**

On all installations, the user should regularly evaluate for signs of:

- Leakage around stem area.
- Internal stem leak.
- > Leakage around stuffing box connection.
- > Internal or external corrosion.

The user must have maintenance schedules, safety manuals and inspection details created for each application and valve set. These must be determined based on evaluation of the maintenance team's operating experience, for what's necessary for the specific application.

#### **WARNING**

Do not proceed with the disassembly of a gauge valve unless the gauge valve has been relieved of all pressure or vacuum, has been allowed to reach ambient temperature, and has been drained or purged of all fluids.

#### **Glass Cleaning**

1. Close both handwheels (if equipped), upper valve first, so additional media cannot enter the sight glass.

- 2. Drain all remaining media in the sight glass by opening the lower's ball valve.
- 3. Remove vent plug from upper valve.
- 4. Use a brush (Model 854) to clean the inside of the sight glass.
- 5. When finished replace and tighten vent plug.
- 6. Return to service slowly by opening the valves starting with the upper then the lower.

#### **Glass & Gasket Servicing**

#### NOTICE

John C. Ernst LLC. highly recommends replacing both glass and gaskets at the same time.

- 1. Close both handwheels (if equipped), upper valve first, so additional media cannot enter the sight glass.
- 2. Drain all remaining media in the sight glass by opening the lower's ball valve.
- 3. Remove guard rods, if present.
- 4. Loosen and remove glass packing glands on both upper and lower valves. They can rest on the sight glass.
- 5. Slide the sight glass into the upper valve until the bottom clears the stuffing box port on the lower valve.
- 6. Remove sight glass from upper valve.
- 7. Remove the glass packing nuts, glass packing glands, and glass packing gaskets from both valves.
- 8. To reassemble, follow the Sight Glass Installation instructions on **Page 2.**

#### Troubleshooting

Problem: Buildup inside sight glass Solution:

Follow the steps in Glass Cleaning to remove the upper vent plug. Clean the inside of the glass with a brush (Model 854.)

Brush Bristle Sizing								
Glass Type	Glass O.D.	Brush Diameter	Lengths Available					
High Pressure	5/8" or 3/4"	5/8"	21", 36", 48" & 72"					
Heavy Wall	5/8" or 3/4"	3/16"	48"					

Problem: Level indicated does not match the actual level in the tank

Solution:

The emergency automatic ball checks most likely rolled into place and stopped the liquid flow if it rushed toward the sight glass. This can happen when the handwheels are opened too quickly. To fix, push the ball check away from the seat by closing and slowly opening the handwheel.

Problem: Leakage around glass connections Potential Solutions:

- Glass and Gaskets will need periodic replacement. Pressures, temperatures, handling, and frequency of use are just some of the factors that can affect this.
- Glass and/or gaskets may be incompatible with application's media and/or surrounding atmosphere.
- The assembly is being used in a steam application, which it is not recommended for.

If Occurring Shortly After Installation/Servicing

- Tighten the glass packing nuts in 1/4 increments. Do not exceed 1 full turn.
- Confirm that the valve sight glass ports are aligned from both front and side views.
- Confirm that the glass length is 3/4" (±1/16") less than the distance between the vessel connection points.
- Confirm that the correct part numbers and sizes have been ordered and received.

Problem: Leakage around valve stem Potential Solutions:

- Gradually tighten the Stem Packing Nut (#026) in 1/8 increments.
- > Stem Packing may need to be replaced.

Problem: Leakage around vessel connection ports Potential Causes:

- Debris residing in threads.
- > Insufficient Teflon® Tape applied during installation.
- Valve cross-threaded into vessel.
- Connection threads are damaged.
  - Existing threading a different size or not for National Pipe Thread (NPT).

## LIMITED WARRANTY

#### Period of Coverage

The John C. Ernst LLC. expressly warrants products to the original purchaser to be free from defects in the material and workmanship for 12 months from date of shipment. John C. Ernst LLC. will, at its option, replace or repair any products which fail during the warranty period due to defective material or workmanship. Evaluations, repairs, and replacements will most often occur in Sparta NJ 07871 USA, or another facility determined by the John C. Ernst LLC.. The warranty does not cover costs required to transport warrantied units to or from the John C. Ernst facility.

#### Limitations

The responsibility of the John C. Ernst LLC. is hereunder limited to repairing or replacing the product at its expense. This warranty shall not apply if the product has been disassembled, tampered with, repaired, subjected to misuse, neglect, accident, or otherwise altered in any way. The warranty does not guarantee products against normal wear, glass breakage, clouding, or corrosion. The John C. Ernst LLC. shall not be liable for loss, shipping costs, damage, or expenses related directly or indirectly to the installation or use of its products. It is expressly understood that the John C. Ernst LLC. is not responsible for damage or injury caused to other products, buildings, personnel, citizens, or property by reason of the installation or use of its products.

Advertised ratings apply only to units serviced with parts supplied by the John. C. Ernst LLC. Service must be done in accordance with the instructions of the product that is being serviced. THIS IS JOHN C. ERNST, LLC'S. SOLE WARRANTY AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES. EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WHICH ARE HEREBY EXCLUDED. INCLUDING IN PARTICULAR ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. WE WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES OF ANY NATURE.

#### How to get Warranty Service

Prior to submitting any claim for warranty service, the owner must submit proof of purchase, and obtain written authorization to return the product. All returns must be sent back with an MSDS for the application that the product was used in, and with a maintenance log of all service including inspections. Thereafter, the product shall be returned to the John C. Ernst LLC. with freight paid and packaged to prevent damage in transit. Should damage in transit occur the John C. Ernst LLC. will not be held liable.

### GENERAL PRESERVATION

#### Recommended Practice for Long Term Storage of John C. Ernst Products

- All units should be inspected upon receipt to ensure that no damage has been incurred during transit. If there has been damage, a claim should be filed with the carrier immediately. Units should be stored in an area protected from the elements and corrosive fumes, in a secure manner where they can neither fall nor be struck by other objects. Care should be taken to protect the glass and the end connections from damage. Avoid placing any objects directly on the glass(es) at any time.
- 2. Units should be checked to ensure that they contain no foreign matter and that the end connections are clean, undamaged, and in line with adjoining piping. Examine each glass carefully using a flashlight for any indications of chips, scratches, blemishes or cloudiness. Inspect for scratches, shining a bright concentrated light (powerful flashlight will suffice) at about a 45° angle. Any scratch that gistens and catches a fingernail, or star or crescent-shaped mark that glistens, is cause for replacement. Process surface that appears cloudy or roughened, after cleaning, is evidence of chemical attack and is cause for replacement. If any type of flaw is apparent, the unit should not be installed until the glass and gaskets have been replaced. Follow the torquing recommendations given by the gasket and piping manufacturers to achieve proper sealing pressures.
- 3. Some products are shipped unassembled, as they are to be welded into position and then assembled. Individual pieces should be carefully stored in a manner to avoid damage until installation. The glass requires special attention. It should not be stored or mixed with objects that may cause damage and should remain wrapped or boxed until assembly. Gaskets frequently assume a compression-set over a period of time. Some materials, however, may compress/relieve or creep. Visually inspect the gaskets for gaps or looseness before start-up. If
- the gaskets are not compressed, adjust the unit gasket compression. Do not tighten any fasteners or clamps while the unit is in operation
- Periodic visual inspection should be made to ensure that no leaks are evident and that there is no clouding, scratching, or blemishing of the glass. Keep glasses clean using commercial glass cleaners. Cleaning should be done without removing glass. This may require recirculation of cleaning material if process side of glass is not accessible. Never use harsh abrasives, wire brushes, metal 5 scrapers, or anything that may scratch the glass. Do not attempt to clean glasses while equipment is in operation.
- Should leaking around the glass occur, first check the glass for damage. If the glass appears to be in good condition, the gasket seal should be checked, but only after the system pressure has been 6. brought down to zero. If the gasket appears to be loose, or hardly compressed, the spacers must be adjusted. If the leak persists after repressurizing, disassemble and replace the gaskets. Glass, shields and gaskets that have been removed, MUST BE REPLACED. Used parts may contain hidden damage. Induced stress in glass and de-tempering are NOT visible to the naked eye. Be
  - sure that the replacement glass is proper for the service.
- 8
- Inspect protective coating (if applied) for chipping. Store within the temperature extremes of the nameplate or specification documents do not expose to direct sunlight or other UV sources.
- 10. Products should be stored off of the floor on suitable skids, pallets, or racks and protected from dirt, debris, and exposure to direct sunlight, particularly to soft sealing surfaces
- 11. Store in a cool dry place, room temperatures between 40°F 80°F with a relative humidity level between 40 75%.
- 12. Store in dry areas, avoiding any contamination with any liquids. Products should be kept in a clean, heated, weather-tight (dry), well ventilated facility.
- 13. If a flanged product is to be stored for any extended period of time, the flange or end protector should be examined to ensure they are fastened securely, and any other open areas should be sealed to prevent any moisture damage.
- 14. Product assemblies with electrical components, pneumatic tubing, positioners, actuators, and other accessories should be protected from impact.
- 15. Useful Life When Stored:

7.

- a. Unit: Indefinite, based on ideal storage conditions.
- b. Spare Gaskets: Indefinite, based on ideal storage conditions.
- c. After 9 months, the torque of the bolting should be checked as the gasket relaxes. This should be done for units not in service as well as those installed in process.
- d. The useful life of the material, when the storage conditions differ from the recommended factors is not known. It has been established, however, that room temperature has a significant influence on the shelf life of material.
- e. Spare Gaskets should be stored flat

16. Periodical checks at least every 6 months have to be carried out in the storage area to verify that the above mentioned conditions are maintained

#### If there are any questions or concerns, please contact the John C. Ernst LLC. Sales Office at 888-943-5000.

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